

Overview of the Current Health Care Landscape Relating to Movement Disorders

AfPA's Mission



The Alliance for Patient Access (AfPA)

is a national network of health care professionals dedicated to promoting the benefits of patient-centered health care.

AfPA accomplishes its mission through educating clinicians on issues impacting patient access and empowering them to engage and inform policymakers.





Patient-Centered Care

- Strong clinician-patient relationship
- Empowered patients engaged in shared decision making
- Patients don't benefit from one-size-fits-all/least costly alternative health care
- Policies that support therapeutic access
- Value of getting it right



What is a Movement Disorder?

- Neurological conditions marked by abnormal body movements or slow, reduced movements.
- Many conditions fall under the umbrella of movement disorders, including Parkinson's disease, tardive dyskinesia, Huntington's disease, dystonia, essential tremor, Tourette syndrome, ataxia, restless legs syndrome, and others.

Though some movement disorders are relatively rare, collectively their prevalence is significant.







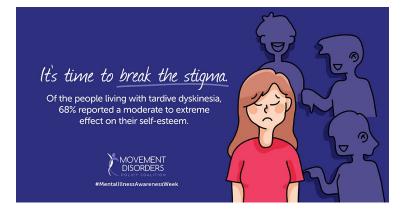


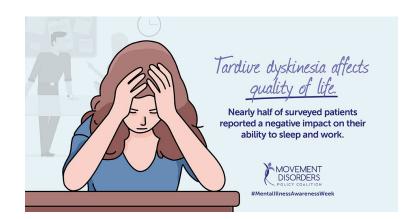


Tardive Dyskinesia



Tardive Dyskinesia





Awareness challenges & stigma continue to pose additional challenges to those living with tardive dyskinesia



The Good News

FDA NEWS RELEASE

FDA approves first drug to treat tardive dyskinesia

Kesearch News

Newly Approved Parkinson's Drug Aims to Lessen "Off" Time

April 27, 2020

Two New Drugs for Tardive Dyskinesia Hit the Market

Promising results for Parkinson's disease treatment

New protocols extend therapeutic benefits of deep brain stimulation



The Challenge



Prior Authorization





Step Therapy





Non-Medical Switching

STABLE PATIENTS Should Not Have to switch

to a different medication just to save insurers money.





Cost-Sharing

Patients may have to choose between their medication and everyday necessities.

Abandoning their medication can lead to:



Unchecked physical symptoms



Worsening mental health



Disease progression



Access to Specialists

Neurology[®]

June 15, 2021; 96 (24) CONTEMPORARY ISSUES

A Shortage of Neurologists - We Must Act Now



Many States Face Shortage of Mental Health Providers

Wyoming and Utah have the largest proportion of their populations living in mental health shortage areas, at 96.4% and 83.3%, respectively.

By Kaia Hubbard | June 10, 2021

Hiami Herald

A Parkinson's 'pandemic' is coming and there aren't enough doctors to deal with it



Telemedicine

How Telemedicine Helps Movement Disorders Patients



Movement disorders require ongoing care.

That can be challenging due to







Proximity & scarcity of specialists

Movement issues & transportation costs Caregiver Challenges



With telemedicine, clinicians can use a tablet, computer or cell phone to discuss progress and monitor symptoms.



Telemedicine

POSITION

1

2

5

6

The Alliance for Patient Access

Allow telemedicine for a wide

range of medical uses. Policy

telemedicine for previously uncovered

presents the following suggestions for

laws that govern the use of telemedicine:

A POSITION STATEMENT from the Alliance for Patient Access

OVERVIEW

Telemedicine allows patients to consult with their health care providers via phone, computer, tablet or mobile device. The remote visits enable health care providers to assess symptoms, follow up on previous visits, make treatment decisions and explore medication side effects – while patients remain at home, work or a local clinic.

During the COVID-19 pandemic, telemedicine has provided a bridge between patients and providers. To accommodate the greater need for telemedicine, policymakers have relaxed restrictions on when and how telemedicine can be used. They have also implemented reimbursement for telemedicine, making it a viable offering for health care providers.

Many patients and health care providers now see telenedicine as a critical part of care, especially for patients who struggle with the logistics of getting to a doctor's appointment or those with compromised immune systems who want to avoid exposure to the public. By reducing the number of missed visits, telemedicine increases patients' compliance with their care plan and improves health outcomes.

By making regulatory flexibilities and coverage policies permanent, policymakers can protect telemedicine as a lasting tool to promote continuous, efficient and patientcentered health care.

AllianceforPatientAccess.org

medical purposes. Continuing to allow for broad application of telemedicine could maximize its value to patients and providers **Resolve state medical licensure restrictions**. The process for medical licensure must be updated to allow patients access to the clinicians of their choice.

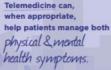
3 Remove geographic and site-of-service restrictions for patients and clinicians. Patients and clinicians must be free to select any private site for conducting a telemedicine visit.

Maintain parity payment policies for telemedicine. To continue providing virtual consultations for patients, health care providers must be reimbursed for remote visits at the same rate as for in-person visits.

Continue to broadly define telemedicine services. Not all patients have access to hi-speed internet or are comfortable operating a smart phone. By defining telemedicine to include low-tech applications such as audio-only telephone calls where appropriate, lawmakers can allow a broader range of patients to benefit.

Support connectivity in rural and underserved areas. Funding that boosts the technical capabilities of underserved communities can improve care by making telemedicine more accessible.







Your Voice is Critical

- Patient and provider advocacy is critical.
- Thank you for making your voices heard!





